

LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES.

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The Daily Times.

TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1888.

MORAL RESPONSIBILITY.

The Oakland Vidette has undertaken the herculean task of defending the late defaulting treasurer of Oakland, James Dods. It is an attempt at whitewashing that does not do credit to the moral sense of the Vidette. Such teaching, as a principle of action, strikes at the very roots of integrity and endangers the safety of public capital wherever it is entrusted to the keeping of one who looks at his obligations from the Vidette's standpoint. It is a poor excuse for the man guilty of betraying his trust in using unlawfully the money placed in his keeping to say that "he did not intend to do a wrong act, or to defraud the city out of one dollar." What bearing upon the individual responsibility in this case has the question asked by the Vidette?

How many thousands of men are there right among us who have committed the same wrong of which Mr. Dods is guilty and are to-day considered, and in fact are, our worst citizens? How many men are there in Oakland today who have used money not their own, being satisfied beyond doubt at the time that they could replace it before the time should come when its owner would take it from their keeping? These men are among our best citizens. They did not get caught; James Dods did. We do not believe there is an honest, fair-minded man in Oakland today who believes that James Dods is morally guilty of a crime, nor that he ever intended to wrong any one out of a single dollar.

Will the Vidette please explain how does the conduct of these "thousands" lessen the criminality of Mr. Dods' not in using for his own individual purposes the public money? The right or wrong of Mr. Dods' actions, as we understand it, is not a matter of comparisons. Right, as well as wrong, are generally conceded to be absolute principles—abstract facts, which no amount of logic can change or reason away.

The ratio of individual responsibility cannot be increased or diminished by the right or wrong acts of others. Every man must stand or fall for himself. It is high time that our public servants realized the sacredness of public trusts. No man is fit to serve the public, in any capacity, who is not strong enough to resist the temptation to use the public funds intrusted to his keeping for purposes of private speculation and gain. And the man who so uses them, even with the fullest intention of making good the sum taken, silences his conscience, and takes the first step downward in a career of crime.

TO EXHIBIT OR NOT TO EXHIBIT?

The question of raising funds to provide for an exhibition of Southern California products at the Louisville Exposition is now before the public, and by reference to a report of a meeting of the Board of Trade which appears in another column, it will be seen that that body proposes to contribute \$500 to the scheme provided the people throughout Southern California contribute \$1000 more. It is proposed also to send a man in charge of the exhibit, to remain with it until the close of the exposition.

If the Board and people co-operate in this scheme, and it is actually carried out—a thing as yet by no means assured—it is to be hoped that the county will be well represented and judiciously advertised; but of this, we must confess, we have some doubts, considering the meagre sum which it is proposed to raise. Fifteen hundred dollars at present seem almost a little reflection will show that the expenses are likely to very quickly eat up this sum, and much more will have to be contributed, else the attempt becomes an inglorious failure.

Much depends on the man in charge. He must be thoroughly posted in his work, and as the exhibit will be largely horticultural, a practical fruit-grower, or one at least who understands and can clearly explain the different varieties of the products of the farm, orchard and vineyard to those interested, should be chosen. He should be a man in whom the people have perfect confidence and able to correctly answer the thousand and one questions put to him.

There is one feature of this proposed exhibition at Louisville which it is well for our people to consider before they invest heavily in it and that is that Kentucky, and we may say the South in general, manifests no great interest in immigration to Southern California, and in some respects it may be quite as well that such is the case. Our thriving colonies of Pasadena, Riverside, Pomona and others we might mention, are the creation of Northern men, and the enterprise of the "Yankee" seems at present the most needed to develop our latent resources. But the matter at present is in the hands of the people. If they choose to contribute to the enterprise, they will do it with their eyes open.

POINTS OF A PAMPHLET.

THE TIMES has received, with the compliments of the Board of Trade, a copy of its just-published pamphlet, entitled "Los Angeles City and County: Resources, Climate, Progress, and Outlook." We regret exceedingly that we are unable to return the compliment of the Board by praising its perpendiculation truth makes that impossible on our part. In its typography, etc., the work is not creditable to the institution that puts it forth, nor to the city and county which it purports to represent. The typography is inferior, the paper of the cheapest and commonest sort, the press-work miserable, the binding ditto, and the whole affair cheap and trifling in appearance, without a speck of style about it. It is just to the regular printing establishments of the city to say that this libel on the "art preservative" came from some of them. In the effort to get a low-priced job the Board has got one that is both cheap and poor.

This is unfortunate, because the appearance of the pamphlet will condemn it, in advance of examination, even by the very class to whom it is addressed, viz.: the intelligent and discriminating people abroad upon whom it is sought to make a good impression in favor of the region described. The work cannot stand comparison for an instant with publications of the same character sent out by other California cities; it will tell against us instead of for us, so far as its influence may go. The Board, in ordering the work, of course desired and expected a creditable publication, but its aim has been signally defeated by the persons charged with the duty of executing its mandates. As to the matter of the pamphlet, it is principally a compilation from the press of this city and section. Every material fact contained in the pamphlet, with the single exception of a statement of the movement of railroad freight from and to Los Angeles during 1887, long since appeared in the columns of the TIMES. The matter, so far as it goes, is not so bad as the printing, and if it were only presented in creditable shape, free from errors, might be circulated to advantage. We trust that the following is considerably worse than a fair sample statement of alleged "facts":

The county tax rate in 1882 was \$1.40 per \$1000, that of the city 7 cents per \$1000, a statement which speaks volumes in favor of the prosperity and financial management of the city and county's affairs. This would make our combined city and county tax rate for 1882 only about 21 cents on the one hundred dollars! Does any tax-paying citizen recollect that 1882 was the millennial year financially? Such misstatements of fact do us harm abroad. Emigrants come among us with their imaginations inflamed by such fables, and when they find out the arctic truth they "kick like steers," and curse the country after the manner of Pomona's "A. A. D."

But it is not too late for the Board to have this, the most conspicuous blunder we have noticed in the book, corrected. We suggest that the Directors at once direct their Secretary, Mr. Davies, the r. y. j., who is the compiler and father of this abortion of a pamphlet, to rustle around and have some "Errata" slips printed, and paste one p. d. q. into each of the pamphlets yet in his hands. The blunder pointed out is one that the Board cannot afford to broadcast over the length and breadth of this great, glorious and intelligent Republic.

There is certainly possible danger in the future to the settlers on this coast from the fearful contagion of leprosy. There have already, as seen from our dispatches, been two well developed cases, the latest of which is that of the Swedish sailor who was taken from Merced to San Francisco on the 13th. The assertion has been published that not far from a hundred men and boys, in various parts of the State, are suffering from leprous sores in the mouth and on the lips, contracted from smoking cigarettes manufactured by the Chinese. If this be so, it is a matter that should receive the attention of the authorities without delay. Of all the evils from which humanity may suffer there is nothing more to be dreaded than the lingering death-in-life which is the lot of the poor victim who perishes inch by inch of this loathsome and incurable disease.

The Old Dismal Swamp of Florida, so familiar to the student of geography in the years that are gone, once the hiding place of numerous fugitive slaves, who sought safety among its slimy morasses and bogs from the pursuer, will soon be a thing of the past. It has been purchased by a company of capitalists, and it is to be thoroughly drained and cultivated. When fully redeemed it will be among the most valuable land in the State.

This summer, thus far, is one of intense heat at the East, and the resulting superabundance of victims. The mortality among the children is unusually great. Surely California, sitting in the midst of plenty, undisturbed by storms, and unravaged by unusual summer heat, has every reason for content and thankfulness.

A Lion once put on an Ass' skin and went out into the woods. Meeting an old Ass the Lion said, "Good morning." "Good morning to you, sir," retorted the Ass. "Who are you?" "I am an Ass," said the Lion. "Beg pardon, but you are a Lion!" said the Ass. Then the Lion went along until suddenly he tumbled to the joke, whereupon he killed himself. The moral of this is—"Never make an Ass of yourself."—Kansas City Journal.

"I have been married for several weeks, and my husband and I cannot decide whether we should retain our old love letters or burn them. What would you advise, Mrs. C.?" "Put them in a pasteboard box in the servant girl's room. A supply of old love letters has been known to keep a contented in one place for three months at a time."

A Methodist conference declares that the use of tobacco is a sin against God. Brethren, exclaims the pious editor of the Omaha Republican, we'll loan no more tobacco.

"How to Attain the Life Beyond" is the title of a fifty-cent book. We will tell you for a cent. Ask a cucumber.—Burlington Free Press.

MEXICO VIEJO.

A Glance at the Land of the Montezumas.

Brief Review of Mexico—What is Being Done—Religious Liberty—Liberal Policy—Natural Advantages—Manufactures—Commercial Treaty—Peace.

To the Editor of the Times—Sir: In compliance with your request, and after a careful study of the subject, I take pleasure in making known to the readers of the DAILY TIMES the advantages to be reaped here in this new-old country by the investment of American capital, skill and enterprise. It would be impossible to embrace within the compass of one short letter, or the most compact series of letters, all that might be said relative to the importance of this country of magnificent opportunities and glittering possibilities. Hence, with your permission, I shall at this time attempt a general review, which shall be followed by other letters descriptive of the country, its cities, mines, vast stock ranges, people, their habits, customs, occasionally interspersed with the rich legendary lore of the land of the Montezumas.

At no period in the history of the two Republics have the relations between the Republic of Mexico and the United States been upon so amicable a basis as at present. To-day American capital is penetrating every avenue of commercial trade. People at a distance do not realize it. Americans, resident in this country, are every day feeling the influence and benefit of this new condition of affairs. One naturally asks, what has brought about this state of affairs? A combination of circumstances has conspired to this end.

RELIGIOUS LIBERTY—LIBERAL POLICY. The first and paramount cause was the accession to power of the liberal leaders of Mexico. When they assumed the reins of government, they marked the downfall of the power of the priesthood. Previous to the administration of President Diaz, the Catholic Church was omnipotent in Mexico. It controlled everything—political, social and religious. To-day it is shorn of its power. Church and State are no longer united. Its property has been confiscated. Save its churches, there is no institution under the control of the priesthood—not a monastery or convent in the whole Republic. No religious procession, as such, can appear in the confines of Mexico. Following upon the wake of the destruction of the power of the priesthood, has followed a spirit of enlightened progress. Among the first acts of President Diaz was to open the way to the people to place the statutes liberal colonization laws, and remove all disabilities of foreigners. During the administration of President Diaz, Americans, representing American capital, were granted the most liberal concessions for building railroads, telegraphs and manufacturing establishments of various kinds. The same friendly spirit has continued under the present administration of President Gonzalez, and to-day the American influence is the controlling element in commercial circles. The above are some of the political reasons why American capital and enterprise is now reaping rich rewards in Mexico.

NATURAL ADVANTAGES—MANUFACTURES. It is a grand result that, under such happy auspices, the portals of Mexico open not to a line or lines of railroads, but to the vast railroad systems of the United States and the Canadian, and their connecting links to Europe and the world at large. The rich and tropical products of the south; the semi-tropical yield of the north; the elevated plateaus of the central belt, where the industrial lines come far below the lower parallels of the temperate zone with cooling and healthful effect, will induce a strong tide of immigration. The rich soil, adapted to the cultivation of coffee, sugarcane, cotton, tobacco, rice and all the cereals, awaits the plough of the enterprising farmer. It again offers to the miner, iron, lead, copper, silver and gold, known, many of them, and worked years ago in a primitive fashion, which hardly more than disturbed their repose, and which await new machinery, a drift or a tunnel to drain them, or new appliances superior to the old, to be hauled to the surface, and so yield untold wealth to the hardy adventurer.

Yet, rich and attractive as these are, the rich soil, adapted to the cultivation of coffee, sugarcane, cotton, tobacco, rice and all the cereals, awaits the plough of the enterprising farmer. It again offers to the miner, iron, lead, copper, silver and gold, known, many of them, and worked years ago in a primitive fashion, which hardly more than disturbed their repose, and which await new machinery, a drift or a tunnel to drain them, or new appliances superior to the old, to be hauled to the surface, and so yield untold wealth to the hardy adventurer. Yet, rich and attractive as these are, the rich soil, adapted to the cultivation of coffee, sugarcane, cotton, tobacco, rice and all the cereals, awaits the plough of the enterprising farmer. It again offers to the miner, iron, lead, copper, silver and gold, known, many of them, and worked years ago in a primitive fashion, which hardly more than disturbed their repose, and which await new machinery, a drift or a tunnel to drain them, or new appliances superior to the old, to be hauled to the surface, and so yield untold wealth to the hardy adventurer.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROASTED COFFEES SOLD AT GLOBE HOTEL at lower prices than the same can be bought from other markets. Celebrated and of the finest quality. Call on him also for saddles, harness, collars, whips, wagon covers, etc. 37-11m

WHERE CAN YOU FIND TESTS and Hammocks at the lowest prices? At Fry's, No. 217 and 219 Los Angeles Street. Call on him also for saddles, harness, collars, whips, wagon covers, etc. 37-11m

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR BAGS and Sacks 42x9, 9x10, 10x12, 10x14, 10x16, 10x18, 10x20, 10x22, 10x24, 10x26, 10x28, 10x30, 10x32, 10x34, 10x36, 10x38, 10x40, 10x42, 10x44, 10x46, 10x48, 10x50, 10x52, 10x54, 10x56, 10x58, 10x60, 10x62, 10x64, 10x66, 10x68, 10x70, 10x72, 10x74, 10x76, 10x78, 10x80, 10x82, 10x84, 10x86, 10x88, 10x90, 10x92, 10x94, 10x96, 10x98, 10x100, 10x102, 10x104, 10x106, 10x108, 10x110, 10x112, 10x114, 10x116, 10x118, 10x120, 10x122, 10x124, 10x126, 10x128, 10x130, 10x132, 10x134, 10x136, 10x138, 10x140, 10x142, 10x144, 10x146, 10x148, 10x150, 10x152, 10x154, 10x156, 10x158, 10x160, 10x162, 10x164, 10x166, 10x168, 10x170, 10x172, 10x174, 10x176, 10x178, 10x180, 10x182, 10x184, 10x186, 10x188, 10x190, 10x192, 10x194, 10x196, 10x198, 10x200, 10x202, 10x204, 10x206, 10x208, 10x210, 10x212, 10x214, 10x216, 10x218, 10x220, 10x222, 10x224, 10x226, 10x228, 10x230, 10x232, 10x234, 10x236, 10x238, 10x240, 10x242, 10x244, 10x246, 10x248, 10x250, 10x252, 10x254, 10x256, 10x258, 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10x1452, 10x1454, 10x1456, 10x1458, 10x1460, 10x1462, 10x1464, 10x1466, 10x1468,

Timber Land.
For OFFICE,
Sat., May 15, 1883.
That Eldridge R. Hew-
itt, of Cal., has this day
application for the pur-
chase of 12, Tp. 3 N., R. 15
E., sections of an act
providing for the sale
of
timber.
Noting any adverse in-
terests to present the
next days from the date
of record, otherwise such
rights of the provis-
S. B. JOHNSON,
Register.

Timber Land.
ANGELIS, CAL.,
May 15, 1883.
That Eldridge G.
county, California,
for his application
W. Sec. 12, Tp 3 N.
provisions of an act of
providing for the sale

tract is required
office within sixty
is first publication
claim will be barred,
of said act.
HENDERSON, Register.

**Session of Time for
Trial, etc.**

State of California

County of Alameda

**Case of Alonso M. Holt,
Plaintiff, vs.
Defendant, of time for
trial.**

of this Court, made
therein given that
on July, 1883, at ten
of the court room of
the county of Alameda,
for hearing the ap-
peal praying that a
writ of Habeas Corpus
be granted in the
arrestment of Alonso M.
Holt, to probate, and
be issued thereon to
which time and place
again may meet and
do business.

**A. W. FORTS,
County Clerk.**

PUBLICATION.
LOS Angeles, Cal.,
July 2, 1933.
That the following-
ence of his intention
of his claim, and
and before the U. S.
Court, on August 8,
1931, Homestead No.
12, Sec. 5, Twp. 4 N., R. 8 E.,
witnesses to prove
tion, and cultivation
of Comacho, Henry
U. S., of Los Angeles
HENSON, Register.

PUBLICATION.
ANOKIA, Cal.,
July 3, 1933.
That the following-
notice of his in-
in support of his
will be made before
LOS Angeles, Cali-
S., viz., Thomas J.
for the S. E. 1/4 of

[illegible]

the court room of
the courthouse in
es, to show muss
to be granted to
to sell so much of
said deceased as
in order be pub-
lished we-ks in
newspaper printed
County of Los An-
E. HOWARD,
Superior Court.
1880 1m

CATE

.....

lysis.

September 18, 1882.
Angels:
the sample of water
of the following to
1000 parts
as Angeles
per United States
United States gallon.
bined), .085 milli-

the products of any
real quantities, and
or dietetic purposes.
infamiation.
AS PRICE, M. D.
E.
ore the public the
of the water from
R WORKS
pure water is most
a consumer.
V. BEAUDRY.
O
S FOR SALE!
the city,
...
\$50, \$700, \$800, \$900.
FLX.
by the purest of
analysis published
of the pumping
per hour, or 1,870-

of 12-inch cast-iron
completed the laying
12-inch cast iron
will commence the
12-inch and 18-inch
sizing in considera-
required.

rd land, requiring
Casafael Rancho, only
Price, \$40 to \$60 per
\$3 to \$10 per acre.

J. BEAUDRY,
street, Los Angeles.

K & CO.

Grocers

and Hides,
and spacious estab-

Los Angeles Street,
Guana. 174-17

S HOME.
have been received
Home during
h, 1888:
6 years; female;
5 years; male; half
years; male; half
years; male; half
years; male; half
years; male; moth-
ers; male; mother
6 years; female
age 1 5-4 years; fe-

F. A. GIBSON,
L. A. O. H. Soc.
174-17

Scott,
No. 1485,
d, Hay
COAL.
A stock of fuel in
white iron shed.
PAING STREET.

1994

The Los Angeles National Bank.

THEATRE DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, April 25.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that

"The Los Angeles National Bank,"

in the City of Los Angeles, in the county of Los Angeles and State of California, has complied with all the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before a national bank is authorized to commence the business of banking,

Now, therefore, I, John D. Smith, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the

Los Angeles National Bank,

in the City of Los Angeles, in the county of Los Angeles and State of California, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section Fifty-One Hundred and thirty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

It is testimony whereof, witness my (Seal) hand and seal of office, this 26th day of April, 1913.

JOHN J. KNOX,
Comptroller of the Currency.

No. 2928. 1

Farmers' & Merchants' Bank

OF LOS ANGELES.

Capital \$200,000
Reserve Fund 300,000

ISAIAH W. HELLMAN, President.
C. O. GOODIN, Vice-President.
JOHN MILNER, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:
Isaiah W. Hellman, John S. Griffin, O. W. Quilla, C. E. Thomas, L. J. Doremus, Philip, Garnier, J. B. Lankershim, Jose Macaveo.

EXCHANGE for sale on New York, London, Dublin, Frankfurt, Paris and Berlin.
Receive deposits and issue their circulation.
Buy and sell Government, State, County and City Bonds.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF LOS ANGELES.

CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000

H. F. SPENCE, President
WM. LACY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

J. E. Hollenback, F. P. Crank, H. Mabury,
C. S. Wilbury, R. F. Spence.

STOCKHOLDERS.

Capt. A. H. Wilbury, Dr. R. E. H. McDonald,
A. S. Hiltner, James McCoy,
J. F. Crank, George Geddes,
J. E. Hollenback, I. Lantieri,
H. Mabury, A. W. Vail,
Woods Mabury, R. H. Mott.

H. F. Spence. Jt-ly

Los Angeles County Bank
Main Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Capital Stock (paid up).....\$100,000
Reserve Fund.....\$205,000

JOHN E. PLATER.....PRESIDENT
R. S. BAKER.....VICE-PRESIDENT
A. MAORHIL.....CASSIERS

DIRECTORS
J. S. Hlanson, John E. Plater, John A. Paxton,
Jotham Bixby, Robert S. Baker, Geo. W.
Prescott, B. M. Widney.

Carries on a General Banking and Collecting
business. J4-17

Geo. H. BONDENBAKE, JOHN DRYDEN, SR.,

F. O. HOWES, Cashier.

Los Angeles National Bank,

NO. 54 N. MAIN STREET,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Capital, \$100,000.

DIRECTORS:

W. G. Cochran,	Col. H. H. Markham,
Ferry M. Green,	John A. Brown, Sr.,
H. Sinnabaugh,	F. C. Howes,
Geo. H. Bonebrake.	

Exchange for sale on all the principal cities
of the United States and Europe, July 1st

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
— OF THE —
LOS ANGELES COUNTY BANK,
JULY 1st, 1883.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand.....	\$ 72,142 78
Cash with other banks.....	40,550 01
Cash on call loans.....	50,000 00
Total available cash.....	\$162,692 79
Loans.....	425,846 63

Real estate.....	17,000 00
Collections.....	2,168 68
Total.....	\$609,605 10
LIABILITIES.	
Due depositors.....	\$138,096 23
Capital stock.....	100,000 00
Reserve fund.....	500,000 00
Undivided profits.....	84,738 86
Rents collected.....	1,688 86
Dividends uncalled for.....	5,085 01
Total.....	\$609,605 10
The real estate is situated as follows:	
In San Bernardino County.....	\$ 2,500 00
In Los Angeles County.....	14,500 00
Total.....	17,000 00

State of California,
County of Los Angeles, ss.
John E. Plater, President, and H. L. MacNeil,
Cashier of the Los Angeles County Bank, being
severally duly sworn, each for himself, says
the foregoing statement is true to the best of
his knowledge and belief.
JOHN E. PLATER, President,
H. L. MACNEIL, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d
day of July, 1888.
A. C. HOLMES,
Notary Public, Los Angeles Co., Cal.
[SEAL.]

STATEMENT OF THE
ACTUAL PAID-UP CAPITAL
OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY BANK

July 1st, 1883.

Amount of capital paid up in U. S.
gold coin.....\$100,000

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ss.
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES.

John E. Plater, President, and H. L. MacNeil,
Cashier of Los Angeles County Bank, being
severally duly sworn, each for himself, says
the foregoing statement is true to the best of
his knowledge and belief

[Signed] JOHN E. PLATER, President
H. L. MACNEIL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this
second day of July, 1883.

[SEAL.] A. C. HOLMES.
jys-lm Notary Public.

Sworn Statement of the Condition
OF THE
Farmers' & Merchants' Bank
OF LOS ANGELES,
At the close of business June 30, 1888.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand.....	\$436,978 96	
Cash with Bank of Cali- fornia in San Fran- and New York.....	136,432 49	
Cash with Lazard.....	99,798 36	
Foreign bank N.Y.....	318,037 66	
Cash on call.....		
Total available cash.....		\$981,147 27
U. S. 4 per cent. and other gov- ernment bonds.....		298,094 73

bank building, vault, safe and office furniture.....	25,672 99
Total.....	\$1,965,696 14
<div style="text-align: right;"> <small>ASSET TOTAL</small> <small>ASSET TOTAL</small> </div>	
<div style="text-align: center;"> LIABILITIES </div>	
capital paid up.....\$500,000 00	
surplus and reserve fund 300,000 00	
Total capital and surplus.....	\$800,000 00
undivided profits.....	27,466 11
de depositors.....	1,435,895 63
dividends uncalled for.....	2,175 00
Total.....	\$1,965,896 14
<div style="text-align: right;"> <small>LIABILITY TOTAL</small> <small>LIABILITY TOTAL</small> </div>	
Examined and found correct.	
<div style="text-align: center;"> L. C. GOODWIN, </div>	

JOSE MARCAREL,
Finance Committee.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, }

Isaiah W. Hellman, President, and John Milner, Secretary, of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, and a majority sworn to each for himself, says that the foregoing statement is true to his best knowledge and belief.

(Signed) ISAIAS W. HELLMAN,
President.
JOHN MILNER,
Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23
day of July, 1883.

JAMES C. KAYE,
Notary Public,
Los Angeles County, California.




FINE TEAS!

THE above celebrated marks indicate the finest qualities of pure and wholesome tea. Your merchants will keep them if you insist for them. Such is also the case with all goods in their line imported by MAISON RAY & CO., of San Francisco, which are full weight, and of superior quality. Their varieties include Japanese, English, Breakfast, Formosa, Blends and Green Teas of all the same